Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# N,N'-Bis(2-thienylmethylene)ethane-1,2diamine

#### Da-Qi Wang,\* Qiang Wang and Li-Jun Xiao

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Liaocheng University, Shandong 252059, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: wdq4899@163.com

Received 9 November 2007; accepted 18 November 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.081; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.5.

The title compound,  $C_{12}H_{12}N_2S_2$ , was prepared from a condensation reaction of thiophene-2-carboxaldehyde with ethylenediamine in refluxing ethanol. The molecule adopts a Z-shaped conformation, with the two thiophene rings lying on either side of the  $Csp^3 - Csp^3$  bond. The two thiophene rings form a dihedral angle of 11.2 (2)°. The crystal packing is mainly stabilized by van der Waals forces.

#### **Related literature**

For general background, see: Ittle et al. (2000).



#### **Experimental**

#### Crystal data

C12H12N2S2  $V = 619.48 (13) \text{ Å}^3$  $M_r = 248.36$ Z = 2Monoclinic, P2 a = 6.4822 (8) Å b = 7.4181 (10) Å c = 13.1433 (15) Å  $\beta = 101.425 (2)^{\circ}$ 

#### Data collection

Siemens SMART CCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\min} = 0.869, T_{\max} = 0.969$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$  $wR(F^2) = 0.081$ S = 1.031663 reflections 145 parameters 1 restraint

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.40 \text{ mm}^{-3}$ T = 298 (2) K  $0.36 \times 0.13 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$ 

3150 measured reflections 1663 independent reflections 1136 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\rm int} = 0.046$ 

H-atom parameters constrained  $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^ \Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983); 481 Friedel pairs Flack parameter: -0.03 (12)

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 1997b); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

The authors thank Shandong Province Science Foundation, the State Key Laboratory of Crystalline Materials and Shandong University for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2514).

#### References

Flack, H. D. (1983). Acta Cryst. A39, 876-881.

Ittle, S. D., Johnson, L. K. & Brookhart, M. (2000). Chem. Rev. 100, 1169-1173. Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.

Sheldrick, G. M. (1997a). SHELXS97 and SHELXL97. University of Göttingen, Germany.

Sheldrick, G. M. (1997b). SHELXTL. Version 5.1. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin USA

Siemens (1996). SMART and SAINT. Siemens Analytical X-ray Instruments Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2007). E63, o4865 [doi:10.1107/S1600536807060308]

## *N*,*N*'-Bis(2-thienylmethylene)ethane-1,2-diamine

## D.-Q. Wang, Q. Wang and L.-J. Xiao

#### Comment

Multi-dentate complexes of iron and nickel show high activities of ethylene oligomerization and polymerization (Ittle et al., 2000). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, a new multidentate Schiff base compound.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig.1. The molecule adopts a Z-shaped conformation, with the two thiophene rings lying on either side of the C11—C12 bond. The torsion angles C11—N1—C1—C2  $[-177.9 (4)^{\circ}]$ , N1—C11—C12—N2  $[178.9 (4)^{\circ}]$  and C12—N2—C6—C7  $[-176.2 (4)^{\circ}]$  describe the overall conformation of the molecule. The two thiophene rings form a dihedral angle of  $11.2 (2)^\circ$ . The crystal packing is mainly stabilized by van der Waals forces.

#### Experimental

A absolute ethanol mixture of thiophene-2-carboxaldehyde (4 mmol) and ethyldiamine (2 mmol) was heated under reflux with stirring for 1.5 h and then filtered to obtain a clear pale yellow solution. Single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained by vapour diffusion of diethyl ether into the yellow solution.

#### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically [C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.97 Å (methylene)] and refined using a riding model, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .

#### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.



Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed approximately along the a axis.

### N,N'-Bis(2-thienylmethylene)ethane-1,2-diamine

Crystal data	
$C_{12}H_{12}N_2S_2$	$F_{000} = 260$
$M_r = 248.36$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.331 {\rm ~Mg~m^{-3}}$
Monoclinic, P2 <sub>1</sub>	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation

# supplementary materials

Hall symbol: P 2yb
a = 6.4822 (8)  Å
<i>b</i> = 7.4181 (10) Å
c = 13.1433 (15)  Å
$\beta = 101.425 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$V = 619.48 (13) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 2

#### Data collection

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$
Cell parameters from 1008 reflections
$\theta = 3.2 - 27.4^{\circ}$
$\mu = 0.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 298 (2)  K
Block, yellow
$0.36 \times 0.13 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

1663 independent reflections
1136 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.046$
$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\min} = 1.6^{\circ}$
$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$k = -8 \rightarrow 5$
$l = -13 \rightarrow 15$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0294P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.081$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
<i>S</i> = 1.03	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
1663 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
145 parameters	Extinction correction: none
1 restraint	Absolute structure: Flack (1983); 481 Friedel pairs
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Flack parameter: -0.03 (12)

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2 \operatorname{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculat-

ing *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R– factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
S1	0.08972 (17)	0.55346 (16)	0.29575 (9)	0.0620 (4)
S2	0.98557 (19)	0.38242 (15)	0.95907 (9)	0.0589 (4)
N1	0.3457 (6)	0.4695 (4)	0.5119 (3)	0.0544 (10)
N2	0.7400 (6)	0.5301 (5)	0.7551 (3)	0.0562 (10)
C1	0.1512 (8)	0.4405 (6)	0.4996 (3)	0.0543 (14)
H1	0.0983	0.3942	0.5550	0.065*
C2	0.0056 (7)	0.4765 (5)	0.4024 (3)	0.0473 (12)
C3	-0.2071 (7)	0.4550 (6)	0.3820 (4)	0.0607 (14)
H3	-0.2828	0.4144	0.4307	0.073*
C4	-0.3001 (8)	0.5010 (7)	0.2791 (4)	0.0668 (15)
H4	-0.4439	0.4944	0.2524	0.080*
C5	-0.1594 (7)	0.5547 (8)	0.2245 (4)	0.0625 (13)
Н5	-0.1935	0.5891	0.1552	0.075*
C6	0.9347 (7)	0.5520 (7)	0.7699 (3)	0.0514 (12)
Н6	0.9913	0.6062	0.7177	0.062*
C7	1.0773 (7)	0.4971 (5)	0.8644 (3)	0.0460 (11)
C8	1.2899 (7)	0.5175 (7)	0.8889 (3)	0.0634 (14)
H8	1.3693	0.5765	0.8474	0.076*
C9	1.3748 (8)	0.4369 (7)	0.9864 (4)	0.0738 (17)
Н9	1.5177	0.4373	1.0156	0.089*
C10	1.2317 (8)	0.3615 (7)	1.0316 (4)	0.0616 (14)
H10	1.2623	0.3037	1.0956	0.074*
C11	0.4766 (7)	0.4224 (6)	0.6113 (3)	0.0619 (14)
H11A	0.5646	0.3200	0.6027	0.074*
H11B	0.3880	0.3884	0.6596	0.074*
C12	0.6137 (7)	0.5800 (6)	0.6546 (3)	0.0627 (14)
H12A	0.7049	0.6127	0.6073	0.075*
H12B	0.5264	0.6833	0.6625	0.075*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\text{\AA}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0541 (8)	0.0700 (9)	0.0616 (8)	-0.0122 (7)	0.0105 (6)	0.0102 (7)
S2	0.0584 (9)	0.0623 (8)	0.0572 (8)	-0.0005 (7)	0.0144 (7)	0.0098 (6)
N1	0.055 (2)	0.061 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.0015 (17)
N2	0.062 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.001 (2)
C1	0.073 (4)	0.048 (3)	0.043 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.015 (3)	-0.005 (2)
C2	0.050 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.050 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C3	0.052 (3)	0.070 (4)	0.066 (4)	-0.018 (3)	0.026 (3)	-0.015 (3)
C4	0.048 (3)	0.070 (4)	0.080 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C5	0.061 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.060 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.006 (3)	0.005 (3)
C6	0.072 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.043 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.000 (2)

# supplementary materials

C7	0.055 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.000(2)	0.014 (2)	-0.001(2)	
C8	0.056 (3)	0.076 (4)	0.060 (3)	-0.017 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.001(3)	
С9	0.053 (3)	0.094 (4)	0.066 (4)	-0.008 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.005(3)	
C10	0.060 (3)	0.065 (4)	0.054 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.009 (3)	
C11	0.072 (3)	0.063 (4)	0.047 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.007 (2)	
C12	0.076 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.006 (2)	
Geometric paran	neters (Å, °)						
S1—C5		1.699 (4)	C5-	-H5	0.93	i	
S1—C2		1.700 (4)	C6-	—С7	1.452 (5)		
S2-C10		1.696 (5)	C6-	—Н6	0.93		
S2—C7		1.708 (4)	С7-	—С8	1.360 (5)		
N1-C1		1.257 (5)	C8-	—С9	1.422 (6)		
N1-C11		1.453 (5)	C8-	-H8	0.93		
N2—C6		1.249 (5)	С9-	C10	1.32	20 (6)	
N2—C12		1.457 (5)	С9-	—Н9	0.93	i	
C1—C2		1.455 (6)	C10	—Н10	0.93		
C1—H1		0.93	C11	—C12	1.510 (5)		
C2—C3		1.361 (6)	C11	—H11A	0.97		
C3—C4		1.409 (6)	C11	—H11B	0.97		
С3—Н3		0.93	C12	—H12A	0.97		
C4—C5		1.328 (6)	C12	—H12B	0.97	,	
C4—H4		0.93					
C5—S1—C2		91.8 (2)	C8-	C7S2	111.	4 (3)	
C10—S2—C7		91.7 (2)	C6-	C7S2	120.	.6 (3)	
C1—N1—C11		117.8 (4)	C7-	—С8—С9	111.	1 (4)	
C6—N2—C12		118.5 (4)	С7-	C8H8	124.	.5	
N1—C1—C2		122.8 (4)	С9-	C8H8	124.	.5	
N1—C1—H1		118.6	C10	—С9—С8	113.7 (4)		
C2—C1—H1		118.6	C10	—С9—Н9	123.1		
C3—C2—C1		127.4 (4)	C8-	—С9—Н9	123.	.1	
C3—C2—S1		110.8 (3)	C9–	C10S2	112.0 (4)		
C1—C2—S1		121.8 (3)	C9–	—С10—Н10	124.0		
C2—C3—C4		112.6 (4)	S2-	S2—C10—H10		.0	
С2—С3—Н3		123.7	N1-	N1—C11—C12 110		4 (3)	
C4—C3—H3		123.7	Nl-		109.	.6	
C5—C4—C3		112.5 (4)	C12	C12—C11—H11A 109.6		.6	
С5—С4—Н4		123.8	N1—C11—H11B 109.6		.6		
C3—C4—H4		123.8	C12—C11—H11B 109.6		.6		
C4—C5—S1		112.3 (4)	HII	A—CII—HIIB	108.	.1	
C4—C5—H5		123.8	N2-	-C12C11	109.	.2 (4)	
SI_C5_H5		123.8	N2-		109.	.8	
N2 - C6 - C/		123.3 (4)		-C12 H12A	109.	109.8	
IN2 - C0 - H0		118.4	N2-	-C12 $-H12B$	109.	.0 0	
$C_{1}$ $C_{0}$ $C_{1}$ $C_{1}$		110.4 127.0 (4)		-C12 $-H12B$	109.	.o 2	
		127.9 (4)	H12		108.		
C11—N1—C1—C	52	-177.9 (4)	N2-		4.7	(7)	
NI-CI-C2-C	3	-177.9 (4)	C10	<u></u>	-0.1	(4)	

N1—C1—C2—S1	2.4 (6)	C10—S2—C7—C6	177.0 (4)
C5—S1—C2—C3	-0.4 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-176.7 (4)
C5—S1—C2—C1	179.2 (4)	S2—C7—C8—C9	0.2 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-179.4 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.2 (6)
S1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (5)	C8—C9—C10—S2	0.2 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (6)	C7—S2—C10—C9	-0.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5—S1	-0.5 (6)	C1—N1—C11—C12	-128.7 (4)
C2—S1—C5—C4	0.6 (5)	C6—N2—C12—C11	127.3 (5)
C12—N2—C6—C7	-176.2 (4)	N1-C11-C12-N2	178.9 (4)
N2—C6—C7—C8	-178.7 (5)		

Fig. 1



